



STATE LEVEL ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY, ODISHA, BHUBANESWAR

Ref. No. 9672/SEIAA

SEIAA File No.41890/08-MINB1/09-2019

Date 23.11.2020

To

M/s Geetarani Mohanty,
Raikela Iron Ore Mines,
Plot No. 380, Bomikhali,
Near Durga Mandap, Bhubaneswar -751010

Sub: Proposal for Raikela Iron Ore Mine for enhancement of production capacity of iron ore from 0.864 MTPA to 2.99 MTPA along with crushing and screening facility over a mining lease area of 67.586 ha at Village – Raikela, Tahasil - Koira, District- Sundargarh of M/s Geetarani Mohanty- Environmental Clearance reg.

Ref: Your online application dated 09.06.2020 for issue of EC vide File No: SIA/OR/MIS/41890/2019.

Sir,

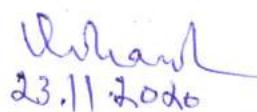
This has reference to your online application seeking environmental clearance of the project proposal for enhancement of iron ore production capacity from 0.864 MTPA to 2.99 MTPA from Raikela Iron Ore Mines over a mining lease area of 67.586 ha along with crushing and screening facility. at village – Raikela, tahasil - Koira, district- Sundargarh. The proposal falls in the category 1(a) of the schedule of EIA Notification, 2006 as amended from time to time. The proposal has been appraised on the basis of the documents enclosed with the application, such as form-1, form-2, prefeasibility report, approved mining plan, final EIA /EMP, public hearing proceedings, certified compliance report and clarifications furnished to SEIAA/SEAC in response to their observations.

The Project Proposal in nutshell

1. The proposal is for Environmental Clearance for enhancement of production capacity of iron ore from 0.864 MTPA to 2.99 MTPA from Raikela Iron Ore Mine over an mining lease area of 67.586 ha along with crushing and screening facility. at village – Raikela, tahasil - Koira, district- Sundargarh of M/s Geetarani Mohanty.
2. This expansion project falls under category B1 as per EIA Notification, 2006 as amended from time to time of MoEF&CC, Govt. of India.
3. The Term of Reference(ToR) for this project has been issued by SEAC, Odisha vide letter No. 435, dated 11.12.2019. Public Hearing for the project was conducted on 26.02.2020 in the playground near Geetarani Hutting, Koira Tehsil.

[Constituted under the Environment Protection Act, 1986 and Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006 vide Notification No. S.O. 1217(E) dated the 8th March, 2019 of Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, Govt. of India]

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23.11.2020

Sundargarh district, through the Additional District Magistrate, Sundargarh. Final EIA/EMP report was uploaded online along with all necessary documents

4. The geo coordinates of the mining lease area is Latitude: $21^{\circ} 51' 54.47''$ to $21^{\circ} 52' 35.39''$ N and Longitude: $85^{\circ} 10' 32.27''$ to $85^{\circ} 11' 05.16''$ E. In the north side, ML area of M/s Penguin Trading is present and in the southern side, ML area of M/s C P Sharma is present.
5. Initially the mining lease was executed in favor of Smt. Geetarani Mohanty for a period of 20 years w.e.f i.e. 02.07.1991 upto 01.07.2011. The renewal application was made on 20.05.2010 under rule 24A (6) of MCR 1960 for a period of further 20 years i.e. up to 01.07.2031. All the statutory clearances were obtained during the year 2014. In the meantime under section 8A(3) of the MMDR amendment act, 2015, the state government has extended the validity period of the mining lease up to 01.07.2041 i.e. 50 years from the date of original mining lease 02.07.1991. The State Government issued asked for payment of compensation against EC violation.
6. In pursuance of the supreme court order dated 30.12.2017 in CWP no. 114/2014, DDM, Koirā raised the demand notice vide no. 5054 dated 02.09.2017 towards environmental clearance matter, the project proponent has paid the compensation of Rs 207,94,42,000.00 as directed. Further a sum of Rs 44,37,71,760.00 for production made in excess of the lower of the approved limit under MP & CTO as per the demand of State Govt.
7. After payment of compensation, supplementary lease deed was executed and registered in favor of lessee vide regd. No.1721900263 on dated 27.05.2019. As per the supplementary lease deed, the validity of the lease period is now extended up to 01.07.2041. Subsequently, the state government has allowed to work within the ML area and accordingly, mining operation has been started since 22.08.2019.
8. Modification of review of the mining plan is approved by Indian Bureau of Mines, Bhubaneswar vide letter no MSM/FM-10/ORI/BHU/2019-20 dated 20.09.2019.
9. Out of the 67.586ha of mining lease area, forest land under DLC category is 66.671ha and 0.915ha is non-forest land. Ministry of environment and forest, Govt. of India has accorded the stage-II (final stage) forest clearance over an area of 66.671ha vide letter no 8-37/2007-FC dated 22.10.2014.
10. Environment Clearance for the project has been obtained for the production capacity of 0.864MTPA vide letter No J-11015/380/2006-IA.II dated 02.07.2008
11. The lessee has obtained the consent to establish under section 25/26 of the water (PCP) act 1974 and under section 21 of air (PCP) act 1981 for the production capacity of 0.864 MTPA vide the letter no 1764/IND-NOC-3700 dated 31.01.2006.
12. The lessee has obtained the consent to operate under section 25/26 of the Water (PCP) act 1974 and under section 21 of Air (PCP) act 1981 for the production capacity of 0.864MTPA, valid up to 31.03.2021.
13. The mining lease area is approachable from Koirā town (8 km) by Bhadrasahi – Rourkela NH-215. And from Tensa town ship which is on NH – 215 at a distance of 2 km. Nearest Rail is Barsuan Railway station located at 17 km. District Headquarters is at Sundargarh – 110 km from lease area.
14. The nearest water bodies are Sarkunda Nala- 4.2 km, Kuradhi Nadi- 8km and Karo Nala -3km respectively. There is no reserve forest in the core zone. However, the reserve forests found in the buffer zone are as follows - Sarkunda R.F - 2.5 Km (South), Tohra R.F - 3.3km (South), Karo R.F - 9.5km (North-east), Kathmal R.F - 8.2km (East).
15. The topography of mining lease area is hilly terrain with maximum elevation of the area is 840m AMSL at NW part of the area whereas the lowest elevation is 630m AMSL at eastern part.

16. The total geological and mineral reserve of iron ore is estimated to be 40.882 MT and 28.387 MT. Proposed production during the plan period is 4980210MT. The life of mines is 10 years. Open cast fully mechanized method category 'A' (FM) will be used for mining.
17. The proposal is to increase production capacity from existing 0.864 MTPA to 2.99 MTPA. During plan Period 2020-21, total excavation will be 20, 84,357MT consisting 19, 82,165 MT ROM and 1, 02,192 MT waste & during Plan period 2021-22, total excavation will be 32, 95,780 MT consisting 29, 90,000 MT ROM and 3, 05,780 MT waste.
18. During 2yrs of Plan period there will be generation of 4, 07,972MT waste which comes to 2,03,986 m³ and out of which 30%, i.e. 61,195.80cum will be used for internal road maintenance and balance 1,42,790.20 to be disposed at dumping site. Retreating method will be adopted for the disposal of waste at proposed dumping site. The average height of the proposed dump will be 18m maximum. At the end of plan period the existing dump will attend a height up to 680m RL. During dumping about 0.21Ha additional land will be utilized.
19. Out of 51.699Ha, back filling of mined out land will be done over an area of 5.40Ha. The total conceptual waste will be utilized for back-filling with average thickness of 9m. Balance 46.299Ha will be reclaimed by means of bench plantation.
20. During Plan period it has been planned for plantation over an area of 1.00 Ha with 4,600 nos. of saplings consisting Mango, Karanj, Chakunda, Neem etc. At the ultimate stage, about 15.887 ha area shall be covered under plantation.
21. The Water Requirement is 180KLD and Source is Ground Water. The Existing water requirement is 64.5KLD for which NOC has been obtained. Water will be sourced from bore well inside the premises for 8 months. Rain water will be harvested and stored in pond and utilized for 4 months of summer.
22. The Power Requirement is about 300KVA and the source is from WESCO. 50 KVA generators for semi mobile crushing plant and 300 KVA standby DG set are available.
23. The total man power required for the project is 500 Persons (Directly Including Processing and Logistic Persons).
24. The cost of Project is Rs. 80 Crores. A sum of Rs 213/- Lakh will be spent towards capital cost for EMP and a sum of Rs 74.8/- Lakh will be spent towards annual recurring cost of EMP.
25. The baseline data on micro- meteorology, ambient air quality, Water quality, noise level, soil and flora & fauna are collected during Summer Season (Mar 2019 – May 2019).
26. The Environment Consultant M/s Global Tech Enviro Experts Pvt. Ltd. Bhubaneswar along with the proponent has made a detailed presentation on the final EIA/EMP report before the SEAC on dated dated: 24-08-2020.
27. The project proponent furnished additional information / documents on the project to SEAC for necessary compliance to clarification raised by SEAC on 09.09.2020.

The State Environment Impact Assessment Authority (SEIAA) after considering the proposal and recommendations of SEAC, Odisha hereby accords Environmental Clearance in favour of the project under the provisions of EIA Notification 2006 and subsequent amendments thereto subject to strict compliance of all stipulated conditions, as follows. Detailed compliance report of these conditions is mandatorily to be submitted by the project proponent to SEIAA at half yearly intervals by 1stJune and 1stDecember each year.

General Conditions of Clearance: -

(I) Statutory compliance:

- (i) This Environmental Clearance (EC) is subject to orders/ judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, Hon'ble High Court, Hon'ble NGT and any other Court of Law, Common Cause Conditions as may be applicable.
- (ii) The Project proponent complies with all the statutory requirements and judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 2nd August, 2017 in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 114 of 2014 in matter of Common Cause versus Union of India &Ors before commencing the mining operations.
- (iii) The State Government concerned shall ensure that mining operation shall not be commenced till the entire compensation levied, if any, for illegal mining paid by the Project Proponent through their respective Department of Mining & Geology in strict compliance of Judgment of Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 2nd August, 2017 in Writ Petition (Civil) No. 114 of 2014 in matter of Common Cause versus Union of India &Ors.
- (iv) This Environmental Clearance shall become operational only after receiving formal NBWL Clearance from MoEF & CC subsequent to the recommendations of the Standing Committee of National Board for Wildlife, if applicable to the Project.
- (v) This Environmental Clearance shall become operational only after receiving formal Forest Clearance (FC) under the provision of Forest Conservation Act, 1980, if applicable to the project.
- (vi) Project Proponent (PP) shall obtain Consent to Operate after grant of EC and effectively implement all the conditions stipulated therein. The mining activity shall not commence prior to obtaining Consent to Establish / Consent to Operate from the concerned State Pollution Control Board.
- (vii) The PP shall adhere to the provision of the Mines Act, 1952, Mines and Mineral (Development & Regulation), Act, 2015 and rules & regulations made there under. PP shall adhere to various circulars issued by Directorate General Mines Safety (DGMS) and Indian Bureau of Mines from time to time.
- (viii) The Project Proponent shall obtain consents from all the concerned land owners, before start of mining operations, as per the provisions of MMDR Act, 1957 and rules made there under in respect of lands which are not owned by it.
- (ix) The Project Proponent shall follow the mitigation measures provided in MoEF&CC's Office Memorandum No. Z-I1013/57/2014-IA.II (M), dated 29th October, 2014, titled "Impact of mining activities on Habitations-Issues related to the mining Projects wherein Habitations and villages are the part of mine lease areas or Habitations and villages are surrounded by the mine lease area".
- (x) The Project Proponent shall obtain necessary prior permission of the competent authorities for drawl of requisite quantity of surface water and from CGWA for withdrawal of ground water for the project.
- (xi) A copy of EC letter will be marked to concerned Panchayat / local NGO etc. if any, from whom suggestion / representation has been received while processing the proposal.
- (xii) State Pollution Control Board shall be responsible for display of this EC letter at its Regional office, District Industries Centre and Collector's office/ Tahsildar's Office for 30 days.
- (xiii) The Project Authorities should widely advertise about the grant of this EC letter by printing the same in at least two local newspapers, one of which shall be in vernacular language of the concerned area. The advertisement shall be done within 7 days of the issue of the clearance letter mentioning that the instant project has been accorded EC and copy of the EC letter is available

with the State Pollution Control Board and web site of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (www.environmentclearance.nic.in). A copy of the advertisement may be forwarded to the concerned MoEF&CC Regional Office for compliance and record.

(xiv) The Project Proponent shall inform the MoEF&CC/SEIAA, Odisha for any change in ownership of the mining lease. In case there is any change in ownership or mining lease is transferred than mining operation shall only be carried out after transfer of EC as per provisions of the para 11 of EIA Notification, 2006 as amended from time to time.

(II) Air quality monitoring and preservation

(i) The Project Proponent shall install a minimum of 3 (three) online Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Stations with 1 (one) in upwind and 2 (two) in downwind direction based on long term climatological data about wind direction such that an angle of 120° is made between the monitoring locations to monitor critical parameters, relevant for mining operations, of air pollution viz. PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, NO₂, CO and SO₂ etc. as per the methodology mentioned in NAAQS Notification No. B-29016/20/90/PCI/I, dated 18.11.2009 covering the aspects of transportation and use of heavy machinery in the impact zone. The ambient air quality shall also be monitored at prominent places like office building, canteen etc. as per the site condition to ascertain the exposure characteristics at specific places. The above data shall be digitally displayed within 03 months in front of the main Gate of the mine site.

(ii) Effective safeguard measures for prevention of dust generation and subsequent suppression (like regular water sprinkling, metalled road construction etc.) shall be carried out in areas prone to air pollution wherein high levels of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} are evident such as haul road, loading and unloading point and transfer points. The Fugitive dust emissions from all sources shall be regularly controlled by installation of required equipments/ machineries and preventive maintenance. Use of suitable water-soluble chemical dust suppressing agents may be explored for better effectiveness of dust control system. It shall be ensured that air pollution level conform to the standards prescribed by the MoEF&CC/ Central Pollution Control Board.

(III) Water quality monitoring and preservation

(i) In case, immediate mining scheme envisages intersection of ground water table, then Environmental Clearance shall become operational only after receiving formal clearance from CGWA. In case, mining operation involves intersection of ground water table at a later stage, then PP shall ensure that prior approval from CGWA and MoEF&CC is in place before such mining operations. The permission for intersection of ground water table shall essentially be based on detailed hydro-geological study of the area.

(ii) Regular monitoring of the flow rate of the springs and perennial nallahs flowing in and around the mine lease shall be carried out and records maintain. The natural water bodies and or streams which are flowing in and around the village, should not be disturbed. The Water Table should be nurtured so as not to go down below the pre-mining period. In case of any water scarcity in the area, the Project Proponent has to provide water to the villagers for their use. A provision for regular monitoring of water table in open dug wall located in village should be incorporated to ascertain the impact of mining over ground water table. The Report on changes in Ground water level and quality shall be submitted on six-monthly basis to the Regional Office of the Ministry, CGWA and State Groundwater Department / State Pollution Control Board.

(iii) Project Proponent shall regularly monitor and maintain records w.r.t. ground water level and quality in and around the mine lease by establishing a

network of existing wells as well as new piezo-meter installations during the mining operation in consultation with Central Ground Water Authority/ State Ground Water Department. The Report on changes in Ground water level and quality shall be submitted on six-monthly basis to the Regional Office of the Ministry, CGWA and State Groundwater Department / State Pollution Control Board.

(iv) The Project Proponent shall undertake regular monitoring of natural water course/ water resources/ springs and perennial nallahs existing/ flowing in and around the mine lease and maintain its records. The project proponent shall undertake regular monitoring of water quality upstream and downstream of karo Nallah passing within and nearby/ adjacent to the mine lease and the monitoring reports to be submitted along with six monthly compliance reports on regular basis. Sufficient number of gullies shall be provided at appropriate places within the lease for management of water. PP shall carryout regular monitoring w.r.t. pH and included the same in monitoring plan. The parameters to be monitored shall include their water quality vis-a-vis suitability for usage as per CPCB criteria and flow rate. It shall be ensured that no obstruction and/ or alteration be made to water bodies during mining operations without justification and prior approval of MoEF&CC / SEIAA, Odisha. The monitoring of water courses/ bodies existing in lease area shall be carried out four times in a year viz. pre- monsoon (April-May), monsoon (August), post-monsoon (November) and winter (January) and the record of monitored data be sent regularly to Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change and its Regional Office, SEIAA, Odisha, Central Ground Water Authority and Regional Director, Central Ground Water Board, State Pollution Control Board and Central Pollution Control Board. Clearly showing the trend analysis on six-monthly basis.

(v) Quality of polluted water generated from mining operations which include Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) in mines run-off; acid mine drainage and metal contamination in runoff shall be monitored along with Total Suspended Solids (TDS), Dissolved Oxygen (DO), pH and Total Suspended Solids (TSS). The monitored data shall be uploaded on the website of the company as well as displayed at the project site in public domain, on a display board, at a suitable location near the main gate of the Company. The circular No. J-20012/1 /2006-IA.II (M) dated 27.05.2009 issued by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change may also be referred in this regard.

(vi) The project proponent shall construct retaining wall and settling pond within the lease area. Further, check dams shall be constructed at strategic locations in which rain water passes in rainy season. Finally, the excess supernatant after sedimentation shall be allowed to spill away through stone pitch structure to the nearby valley.

(vii) De-silting of agricultural lands in buffer zone and beyond including nearby Nalas/rivers perennially periodically and perpetually caused due to wash up of minerals/OB/dumps shall be done as per SOP submitted. A legal affidavit shall be submitted within 6 months from the date of issue of Environmental Clearance to this effect with periodicity of de-silting.

(viii) Detail design of the existing retaining wall and the proposed for the expansion from a chartered Civil Engineer shall be submitted within 6 months from the date of issue of Environmental Clearance to ensure that no silt after wash up is escaped from the core / buffer zone of the mines.

(ix) An area of 3.40Ha shall be kept for public use as pond and road. Hence, remaining 52.956Ha shall be planted during life of the mine in a phased manner i.e. within a period of 20 years.

(x) Project Proponent shall plan, develop and implement rainwater harvesting

measures on long term basis to augment ground water resources in the area in consultation with Central Ground Water Board/ State Groundwater Department. A report on amount of water recharged shall be submitted to Regional Office, MoEF&CC annually.

(xi) Industrial waste water (workshop and waste water from the mine) should be properly collected and treated in an ETP as proposed so as to conform to the notified standards prescribed from time to time. The standards shall be prescribed through Consent to Operate (CTO) issued by concerned State Pollution Control Board (SPCB). The workshop effluent shall be treated after its initial passage through Oil and grease trap.

(xii) The water balance/water auditing shall be carried out and measure for reducing the consumption of water shall be taken up and reported to the Regional Office of the MoEF&CC and State Pollution Control Board.

(xiii) The project proponent shall install STP of capacity 60KLD for the colony and ETP of adequate capacity making it operational within a time period of six months and status reports to be submitted along with six monthly compliance reports on regular basis.

(IV) Noise and vibration monitoring and prevention

(i) The peak particle velocity at 500m distance or within the nearest habitation, whichever is closer shall be monitored periodically as per applicable DGMS guidelines.

(ii) The illumination and sound at night at project sites disturb the villages in respect of both human and animal population. Consequent sleeping disorders and stress may affect the health in the villages located close to mining operations. Habitations have a right for darkness and minimal noise levels at night. PPs must ensure that the biological clock of the villages is not disturbed; by orienting the floodlights/ masks away from the villagers and keeping the noise levels well within the prescribed limits for day /night hours.

(iii) The Project Proponent shall take measures for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. The worker engaged in operations of HEMM, etc. should be provided with ear plugs /muffs. All personnel including laborers working in dusty areas shall be provided with protective respiratory devices along with adequate training, awareness and information on safety and health aspects. The PP shall be held responsible in case it has been found that workers/ personals/ laborers are working without personal protective equipment.

(V) Mining Plan

(i) The Project Proponent shall adhere to the working parameters of mining plan which was submitted at the time of EC appraisal wherein year-wise plan was mentioned for total excavation i.e. quantum of mineral, waste, over burden, inter burden and top soil etc.. No change in basic mining proposal like mining technology, total excavation, mineral & waste production, lease area and scope of working (viz. method of mining, overburden & dump management, O.B & dump mining, mineral transportation mode, ultimate depth of mining etc.) shall not be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, which entail adverse environmental impacts, even if it is a part of approved mining plan modified after grant of EC or granted by State Govt. in the form to Short Term Permit (STP), Query license or any other name.

(ii) The Project Proponent shall get the Final Mine Closure Plan along with Financial Assurance approved from Indian Bureau of Mines/Department of Mining & Geology as required under the Provision of the MMDR Act, 1957 and Rules/ Guidelines made there under. A copy of approved final mine closure plan shall be submitted within 2 months of the approval of the same

from the competent authority to the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change for record and verification.

(iii) The land-use of the mine lease area at various stages of mining scheme as well as at the end-of-life shall be governed as per the approved Mining Plan. The excavation vis-a-vis backfilling in the mine lease area and corresponding afforestation to be raised in the reclaimed area shall be governed as per approved mining plan. PP shall ensure the monitoring and management of rehabilitated areas until the vegetation becomes self-sustaining. The compliance status shall be submitted half-yearly to the MoEF&CC and its concerned Regional Office / SEIAA, Odisha.

(VI) Land reclamation

- (i) The Overburden (O.B.) generated during the mining operations shall be stacked at earmarked OB dump site(s) only and it should not be kept active for a long period of time. The physical parameters of the OB dumps like height, width and angle of slope shall be governed as per the approved Mining Plan as per the guidelines/circulars issued by D.G.M.S w.r.t. safety in mining operations shall be strictly adhered to maintain the stability of top soil/OB dumps. The topsoil shall be used for land reclamation and plantation.
- (ii) The reject/waste generated during the mining operations shall be stacked at earmarked waste dump site(s) only. The physical parameters of the waste dumps like height, width and angle of slope shall be governed as per the approved Mining Plan as per the guidelines/circulars issued by DGMS w.r.t. safety in mining operations shall be strictly adhered to maintain the stability of waste dumps.
- (iii) The reclamation of waste dump sites shall be done in scientific manner as per the Approved Mining Plan cum Progressive Mine Closure Plan.
- (iv) The slope of dumps shall be vegetated in scientific manner with suitable native species to maintain the slope stability, prevent erosion and surface run off. The selection of local species regulates local climatic parameters and help in adaptation of plant species to the microclimate. The gullies formed on slopes should be adequately taken care of as it impacts the overall stability of dumps. The dump mass should be consolidated with the help of dozer/ compactors thereby ensuring proper filling/ leveling of dump mass. In critical areas, use of geo textiles/ geo-membranes / clay liners / Bentonite etc. shall be undertaken for stabilization of the dump.
- (v) The Project Proponent shall carry out slope stability study in case the dump height is more than 30 meters. The slope stability report shall be submitted to concerned regional office of MoEF&CC, Govt. of India, Bhubaneswar as well as SEIAA, Odisha.
- (vi) Catch drains, settling tanks and siltation ponds of appropriate size shall be constructed around the mine working, mineral yards and topsoil / OB / waste dumps to prevent runoff of water and flow of sediments directly into the water bodies (Nallah/ River/ Pond etc.). The collected water should be utilized for watering the mine area, roads, green belt development, plantation etc. The drains/ sedimentation sumps etc. shall be de-silted regularly, particularly after monsoon season, and maintained properly.
- (vii) Check dams of appropriate size, gradient and length shall be constructed around mine pit and OB dumps to prevent storm run-off and sediment flow into adjoining water bodies. A safety margin of 50% shall be kept for designing of sump structures over and above peak rainfall (based on 50 years data) and maximum discharge in the mine and its adjoining area which shall also help in providing adequate retention time period thereby allowing proper settling of sediments/ silt material. The sedimentation pits/ sumps shall be constructed at the corners of the gullies.

- (viii) The top soil, if any, shall temporarily be stored at earmarked site(s) within the mine lease only and should not be kept unutilized for long. The physical parameters of the top soil dumps like height, width and angle of slope shall be governed as per the approved Mining Plan and as per the guidelines framed by DGMS w.r.t. safety in mining operations shall be strictly adhered to maintain the stability of dumps. The topsoil shall be used for land reclamation and plantation purpose.
- (ix) The mining lease holders shall, after ceasing mining operations, undertake re-grassing the mining area and any other area which may have been disturbed due to their mining activities and restore the land to a condition which is fit for growth of fodder, flora, fauna etc.

(VII) Transportation

- (i) No Transportation of the minerals shall be allowed in case of roads passing through transportation of the minerals leaving an adequate gap (say at least 200 meters) so that the adverse impact of sound and dust along with chances of accidents could be mitigated. All costs resulting from widening and strengthening of existing public road network shall be borne by the PP in consultation with nodal State Govt. Department. Transportation of minerals through road movement in case of existing village/ rural roads shall be allowed in consultation with nodal State Govt. Department only after required strengthening such that the carrying capacity of roads is increased to handle the traffic load. The pollution due to transportation load on the environment will be effectively controlled and water sprinkling will also be done regularly. Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. Project should obtain Pollution Under Control (PUC) certificate for all the vehicles from authorized pollution testing centers.
- (ii) The Main haulage road within the mine lease should be provided with a permanent water arrangement for dust suppression. Other roads within the mine lease should be wetted regularly with tanker-mounted water sprinkling system. The other areas of dust generation like crushing zone, material transfer points, material yards etc. should invariably be provided with dust suppression arrangements. The air pollution control equipments like bag filters, vacuum suction hoods, dry fogging system etc. shall be installed at Crushers, belt-conveyors and other areas prone to air pollution. The belt conveyor should be fully covered to avoid generation of dust while transportation. PP shall take necessary measures to avoid generation of fugitive dust emissions.
- (iii) Traffic management shall be done as per recommendation of Traffic Management Study Report.
- (iv) The Project Proponent shall provide parking plaza for the heavy vehicles within the lease area as recommendation of NEERI.

(VIII) Green Belt

- (i) The Project Proponent shall develop greenbelt in 7.5m wide safety zone all along the mine lease boundary as per the guidelines of CPCB in order to arrest pollution emanating from mining operations within the lease. The whole Green belt shall be developed within first 5 years starting from windward side of the active mining area, backfilled area, quarry benches, roads etc. The development of greenbelt shall be governed as per the EC granted by the Ministry irrespective of the stipulation made in approved mine plan.
- (ii) The Project Proponent shall carryout plantation/ afforestation in backfilled and reclaimed area of mining lease, around water body, along the roadsides, in community areas etc. by planting the native species in consultation with the State Forest Department/ Agriculture Department/ Rural development department/ Tribal Welfare Department/ Gram Panchayat such that only those

species be selected which are of use to the local people. The CPCB guidelines in this respect shall also be adhered. The density of the trees should be around 2500 saplings per Hectare. Adequate budgetary provision shall be made for protection and care of trees.

- (iii) The Project Proponent shall make necessary alternative arrangements for livestock feed by developing grazing land with a view to compensate those areas which are coming within the mine lease. The development of such grazing land shall be done in consultation with the State Government. In this regard, Project Proponent should essentially implement the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court with regard to acquisition of grazing land. The sparse trees on such grazing ground, which provide mid-day shelter from the scorching sun, should be scrupulously guarded/ protected against felling and plantation of such trees should be promoted.
- (iv) The Project Proponent shall undertake all precautionary measures for conservation and protection of endangered flora and fauna and Schedule-I species during mining operation. A Wildlife Conservation Plan shall be prepared for the same clearly delineating action to be taken for conservation of flora and fauna. The Plan shall be approved by Chief Wild Life Warden of the State Govt.
- (v) And implemented in consultation with the State Forest and Wildlife Department. A copy of Wildlife Conservation Plan and its implementation status (annual) shall be submitted to the Regional Office of the Ministry.

(IX) Public hearing and human health issues:

- (i) The Project Proponent shall appoint an Occupational Health Specialist for Regular as well as Periodical medical examination of the workers engaged in the mining activities, as per the DGMS guidelines. The records shall be maintained properly. PP shall also carryout Occupational health check-ups in respect of workers which are having ailments like BP, diabetes, habitual smoking, etc. The check-ups shall be undertaken once in six months and necessary remedial/ preventive measures be taken. A status report on the same may be sent to MoEF&CC Regional Office and DGMS on half-yearly basis.
- (ii) A commitment in form of an undertaking for periodical occupational health checkup of the employee and the local people shall be done through an occupational health expert as per the detailed action plan submitted with the proposal within 6 months from the date of issue of Environmental Clearance.
- (iii) The Project Proponent must demonstrate commitment to work towards 'Zero Harm' from their mining activities and carry out Health Risk Assessment (HRA) for identification workplace hazards and assess their potential risks to health and determine appropriate control measures to protect the health and wellbeing of workers and nearby community. The proponent shall maintain accurate and systematic records of the HRA. The HRA for neighborhood has to focus on Public Health Problems like Malaria, Tuberculosis, HIV, Anaemia, Diarrhoea in children under five, respiratory infections due to bio mass cooking. The proponent shall also create awareness and educate the nearby community and workers for Sanitation, Personal Hygiene, Hand washing, not to defecate in open, Women Health and Hygiene (Providing Sanitary Napkins), hazard of tobacco and alcohol use. The Proponent shall carryout base line HRA for all the category of workers and thereafter every five years.
- (iv) The Proponent shall carry out Occupational health surveillance which be a part of HRA and include Biological Monitoring where practical and feasible, and the tests and investigations relevant to the exposure (e.g. for Dust a X-Ray chest; For Noise Audiometric; for Lead Exposure Blood Lead, For Welders Full Ophthalmologic Assessment; for Manganese Miners a complete

Neurological Assessment by a Certified Neurologist, and Manganese (Mn) estimation in Blood; For Inorganic Chromium- Fortnightly skin inspection of hands and forearms by a responsible person. Except routine tests all tests would be carried out in a Lab accredited by NABH. Records of Health Surveillance must be kept for 30 years, including the results of and the records of Physical examination and tests. The record of exposure due to materials like Asbestos, Hard Rock Mining, Silica, Gold, Kaolin, Aluminium, Iron, Manganese, Chromium, Lead, Uranium need to be handed over to the Mining Department of the State in case the life of the mine is less than 30 years. It would be obligatory for the State Mines Departments to make arrangements for the safe and secure storage of the records including X-Ray. Only conventional X-Ray will be accepted for record purposes and not the digital one). X-Ray must meet ILO criteria (17 x 14 inches and of good quality).

- (v) The Proponent shall maintained a record of performance indicators for workers which includes (a) there should not be a significant decline in their Body Mass Index and it should stay between 18.5 -24.9, (b) the Final Chest X-Ray compared with the base line X-Ray should not show any capacities, (c) At the end of their leaving job there should be no Diminution in their Lung Functions Forced Expiratory Volume in one second (FEV1), Forced Vital Capacity (FVC), and the ratio) unless they are smokers which has to be adjusted, and the effect of age, (d) their hearing should not be affected. As a proof an Audiogram (first and last need to be presented), (e) they should not have developed any Persistent Back Pain, Neck Pain, and the movement of their Hip, Knee and other joints should have normal range of movement, (f) they should not have suffered loss of any body part. The record of the same should be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC annually along with details of the relief and compensation paid to workers having above indications.
- (vi) The Project Proponent shall ensure that Personnel working in dusty areas should wear protective respiratory devices and they should also be provided with adequate training and information on safety and health aspects.
- (vii) Project Proponent shall make provision for the housing for workers/labors or shall construct labor camps within/outside (company owned land) with necessary basic infrastructure/ facilities like fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, creche for kids etc. The housing may be provided in the form of temporary structures which can be removed after the completion of the project related infrastructure. The domestic waste water should be treated with STP in order to avoid contamination of underground water.
- (viii) The activities proposed in Action plan prepared for addressing the issues raised during the Public Hearing shall be completed as per the budgetary provisions mentioned in the Action Plan and within the stipulated time frame. All commitments made in public hearing be fulfilled within a period of six months. The Status Report on implementation of Action Plan shall be submitted to the concerned Regional Office of the Ministry along with District Administration.
- (ix) Issues raised and recorded in proceedings of public hearing w.r.t. environment / pollution / CER shall be complied by the Mining Authority as per OM F. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III, dated 30.09.2020 of MoEF&CC, Govt. of India.
- (X) **Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER):**
 - (i) The activities and budget earmarked for Corporate Environmental Responsibility (CER) as per Ministry's O.M No 22-65/2017-IA. II (M) dated 01.05.2018 or as proposed by SEAC should be kept in a separate bank account. The activities proposed for CER shall be implemented in a time

bound manner and annual report of implementation of the same along with documentary proof viz. photographs, purchase documents, latitude & longitude of infrastructure developed & road constructed needs to be submitted to Regional Office MoEF&CC annually along with audited statement.

(ii) Project Proponent shall keep the funds earmarked for environmental protection measures in a separate account and refrain from diverting the same for other purposes. The Year wise expenditure of such funds should be reported to the MoEF&CC and its concerned Regional Office / SEIAA, Odisha.

(XI) Miscellaneous:

(i) The Project Proponent shall prepare digital map (land use & land cover) of the entire lease area once in five years purpose of monitoring land use pattern and submit a report to concerned Regional Office of the MoEF & CC.

(ii) The Project Authorities should inform to the Regional Office regarding date of financial closures and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of start of land development work.

(iii) The project proponent shall establish a solar power plant with 30KVA capacity within the lease area as proposed prior to operation of mine.

(iv) The Project Proponent shall submit six monthly compliance reports on the status of the implementation of the stipulated environmental safeguards to the MoEF & CC & its concerned Regional Office, SEIAA, Odisha, Central Pollution Control Board and State Pollution Control Board.

(v) A separate 'Environmental Management Cell' with suitable qualified manpower should be set-up under the control of a Senior Executive. The Senior Executive shall directly report to Head of the Organization. Adequate number of qualified Environmental Scientists and Mining Engineers shall be appointed and submit a report to RO, MoEF & CC.

(vi) The proponent shall comply all the specific conditions as recommended by CSIR-NEERI on carrying capacity study (as applicable) in time bound manner as proposed.

(vii) Pursuant to MoEF & CC, O.M No 22-34/2018-1A.111dated 16.01.2020 to comply with the direction made by Hon'ble Supreme Court on 8.01.2020 in W.P. (Civil) No. 114/2014 in the matter Common Cause vs Union of India, the mining lease holder shall after ceasing mining operations, undertake re-grassing the mining area and any other area which may have been disturbed due to other mining activities and restore the land to a condition which is fit for growth of fodder, flora, fauna etc.

(viii) The project proponent shall augment infrastructure on drinking water, health care and education in nearby villages as per time bound action plan submitted.

(ix) The project proponent shall obtain permission from DGMS under 106(2b) to carry out blasting operation within the lease area.

(x) It shall be mandatory for the project management to submit quarterly compliance reports on the status of implementation of the above stipulated environmental safeguards to the SEIAA, Odisha / SPCB, Odisha/ Regional Office of the MoEF& CC, Bhubaneswar, in hard and soft copies on 1stJune and 1stDecember of each calendar year, failing which EC is liable to be revoked. It is required to monitor all the parameters by MoEF & CC/NABL accredited laboratory and the monitoring reports to be submitted along with six monthly compliance reports.

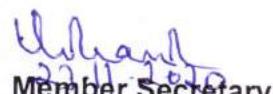
(xi) The concerned Regional Office of the MoEF&CC shall randomly monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the MoEF&CC officer(s) by furnishing the requisite data /

information / monitoring reports.

(xii) The above conditions will be enforced inter-alia, under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and rules made there under and also any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India/ High Court and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

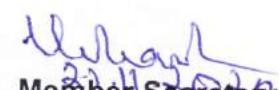
(xiii) Any appeal against this environmental clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

Yours faithfully,


Member Secretary

Memo No 9673/SEIAA / Dt. 23.11.2020
Copy to

1. **Joint Secretary (Environment)**, Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change Govt. of India, Indira Paryavaran Bhavan, Jor Bagh Road, Aliganj, New Delhi-110003 for information.
2. **Additional Chief Secretary**, Forests & Environment Dept., Government of Odisha for information.
3. **Member Secretary**, State Pollution Control Board, Odisha, Paribesh Bhawan, A/118, Nilakantha Nagar, Unit-8, Bhubaneswar for information.
4. **Additional Principal Conservator of Forests**, Regional Office (EZ), Ministry of Environment & Forests, A-31, Chandrasekharpur, Bhubaneswar for information.
5. **Member Secretary**, CGWA, 18/11, Jamnagar House, ManSingh Road, New Delhi-110011 for information.
6. **Collector, District Magistrate**, Sundargarh, for kind information and necessary action.
7. **Secretary**, SEAC, Paribesh Bhawan, A/118, Nilakantha Nagar, Unit-VIII, Bhubaneswar for kind information.
8. Guard file for record.


Member Secretary